DE/EIA-0218(84/16) st. Category UC-98 Weekly Coal Energy Information Administration Washington, D.C. Production duction for Week Ended: il 21, 1984 ished: 27, 1984



WCP Highlights

Production of bituminous coal and lignite in the week ended April 21, 1984, as estimated by the Energy Information Administration, 17,760,000 short tons. This was an increase of 141,000 short tons, or 0.8 percent from production in the previous week. Production in the corresponding week of 1983 was 13,931,000 short tons. Bituminous coal and lignite production from January 1 through April 21, 1984, totaled 275,079,000 short tons, 16.9 percent above production in the same period of 1983.

Production of Pennsylvania anthracite in the week ended April 21, 1984, as estimated by the Energy Information Administration, was 89,000 short tons, the same amount as in the previous week. Production in the corresponding week of 1983 was 66,000 short tons. Anthracite production from January 1 through April 21, 1984, totaled 1,380,000 short tons, 32.2 percent above production for the same period of 1983.

Figure 1. Production of Bituminous Coal and Lignite, 1984 (Million Short Tons)

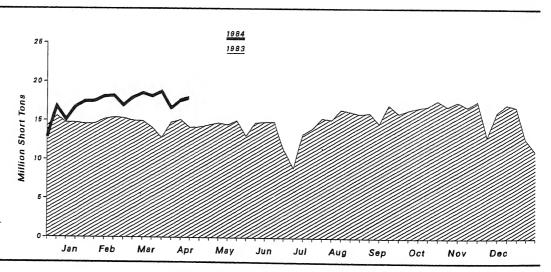


Table 1. Production of Bituminous Coal and Lignite (Thousand Short Tons)

_	Week Ending			Year t	Year to Date		
	4/21/84 ^a	4/14/84 ^a	4/23/83 ^a	4/21/84 ^a	4/23/83 ^a	Percent Change	
Total Production Railroad Carloadings	17,760 120,693	17,619 119,771	13,931 97,459	275,079 1,795,546	235,316 1,552,037	+16.9	

Source: Weekly carloading reports, Car Service Division, Association of American Railroads.



Energy Information Administration Weekly Coal Production

•	Table 2. Production of
	Bitminous Coal and
	Lignite, by State
-	(Thousand Short Tons)

State -	Week Ending						
State	April 21, 1984 ^a	April 14, 1984 ^a	April 23, 1983 ^a				
Alabama	558	510	445				
Alaska	13	13	11				
Arizona	273	271	206				
Arkansas	4	3	3				
Colorado	321	335	319				
Georgia	5	5	4				
Illinois	1,197	1,102	1,015				
Indiana	739	700	570				
lowa	9	9	7				
Kansas	15	16	12				
Kentucky Eastern							
Western	2,533	2,567	1,795				
Total	759	770	676				
	3,292	3,337	2,471				
Maryland	89	85	26				
Missouri	115	111	85				
Montana	607	614	432				
New Mexico	472	503	380				
North Dakota	395	394	298				
Ohio	817	791	637				
Oklahoma	105	104	74				
Pennsylvania	1,244	1,181	1,127				
Tennessee	154	137	126				
Texas	868	861	704				
Utah	307	323	704 224				
Virginia	800	780	610				
Washington	79	78	F0				
West Virginia	2,921	2,947	52				
Wyoming	2,361	2,409	2,189 1,904				
	2,001	2,409	1,904				
Total	17,760	17,619	13,931				

^aPreliminary. Source: Weekly carloading reports, Car Service Division, Association of American Railroads, and selected State agencies.

Figure 2. Production of Pennsylvania Anthracite, 1984 (Thousand Short Tons)

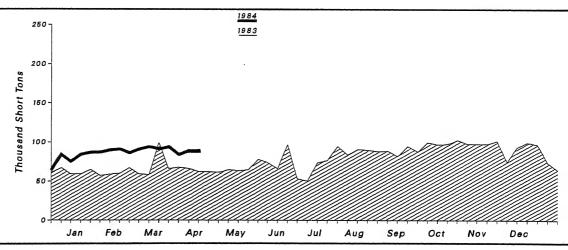


Table 3. Production of **Anthracite** (Thousand Short Tons)

	Week Ending			Year to		0	
_	4/21/84 ^a	4/14/84 ^a	4/23/83 ^a	4/21/84 ^a	4/23/83 ^a	Percent Change	
Total Production	89 280	89 297	66 323	1,380 1,931	1,044 1,868	+32.2	

^aPreliminary.
Source: Weekly carloading reports, Car Service Division, Association of American Railroads.



Energy Information Administration Weekly Coal Production

Weekly Coal Production provides timely information on coal: current statistics on the production of anthracite, bituminous coal, and lignite are provided each week; monthly and annual statistics on coal consumption, production, stocks, imports, and exports, and related supply and demand data are provided as they become available.

Weekly Coal Production is intended for use by the coal industry, the press, State and Federal Governments, policy makers, consumers, and analysts. Weekly coal production estimates are based on current trends in weekly rail carloadings of coal and current coal production trends as reported in Coal Distribution (Form EIA-6), monthly and quarterly coal production reports from State mine agencies, and Coal Production Annual (Form EIA-7a).

This report was prepared by the Energy Information Administration, the independent statistical and analytical agency within the Department of Energy. The information contained herein should not be construed as advocating or necessarily reflecting any policy position of the Department of Energy or any other organization.

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National Energy Information Center, E1-20 Forrestal Building **Energy Information Administration** Washington, D.C. 20585

(202) 252-8800

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